

SoSECIE Webinar

Welcome to the
2019 System of Systems Engineering Collaborators
Information Exchange (SoSECIE)



We will start at 11AM Eastern Time

Skype Meeting +1 (703) 983-2020, 46013573#

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NDIA System of Systems SE Committee

- **Mission**

- To provide a forum where government, industry, and academia can share lessons learned, promote best practices, address issues, and advocate systems engineering for Systems of Systems (SoS)
- To identify successful strategies for applying systems engineering principles to systems engineering of SoS

- **Operating Practices**

- Face to face and virtual SoS Committee meetings are held in conjunction with NDIA SE Division meetings that occur in February, April, June, and August
- SoS Track at NDIA 22nd Annual Systems Engineering Conference, Grand Hilton Tampa Downtown, Tampa, FL, October 21-24, 2019
 - Conference Info:
<http://www.ndia.org/events/2019/10/21/22nd-annual-systems-and-mission-engineering-conference>

NDIA SE Division SoS Committee Industry Chairs:

Mr. Rick Poel, Boeing

Ms. Jennie Horne, Raytheon

OSD Liaison:

Dr. Judith Dahmann, MITRE

Simple Rules of Engagement

- I have muted all participant lines for this introduction and the briefing.
- If you need to contact me during the briefing, send me an e-mail at sosecie@mitre.org.
- Download the presentation so you can follow along on your own
- We will hold all questions until the end:
 - I will start with questions submitted online via the CHAT window in Skype.
 - I will then take questions via telephone; State your name, organization, and question clearly.
- If a question requires more discussion, the speaker(s) contact info is in the brief.

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2019 System of Systems Engineering Collaborators Information Exchange Webinars *Sponsored by MITRE and NDIA SE Division*

March 26, 2019

Practical Modeling Concepts for Engineering Emergence in Systems of Systems

Dr. Judith Dahmann, The MITRE Corporation

Ms. Philomena Zimmerman, OUSD(R&E)

April 16, 2019

Mission Analysis and Operational Architectures

Mr. Mark Simons, Vitech Corporation

April 30, 2019

Digital Engineering Transformation

Mr. Thomas McDermott, Georgie Tech Research Institute, SERC

May 14, 2019

Toward Scaling Model-based Engineering for Systems of Systems

Dr. Ryan B. Jacobs, The MITRE Corporation

May 28, 2019

Mission Engineering and Prototype Warfare

Mr. Matthew Horning, US ARMY FUTURES COMMAND

2019 System of Systems Engineering Collaborators Information Exchange Webinars *Sponsored by MITRE and NDIA SE Division*

June 11, 2019

TBD

TBD

June 25, 2019

A Tool for Architecting Socio-Technical Problems: SoS Explorer

Dr. Cihan Dagli

July 16, 2019

Modular Online Open SoS Education (MOOSE)

Mr. Kyle Hastings, The MITRE Corporation



21st Annual National Defense Industrial Association
Systems and Mission Engineering Conference

Digital Engineering Support to Mission Engineering

Philomena Zimmerman: philomena.m.zimmerman.civ@mail.mil

Dr. Judith Dahmann: jdahmann@mitre.org

Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for
Research and Engineering

March 20, 2019





Abstract

In the U.S. Department of Defense (DoD) there is increased interest in mission engineering – the deliberate planning, analyzing, organizing, and integrating of current and emerging operational and system capabilities to achieve desired warfighting mission effects. The Components have implemented mission engineering in areas where there is a critical interest in achieving mission capability, such as ballistic missile defense or naval mission areas, and there is growing interest in addressing a broad set of mission areas through the implementation of mission integration management – the coordination all the programmatic elements – matching funding, schedules, technical improvements, resources (technical staff, development and test infrastructure, M&S etc.) across the relevant mission systems and supporting systems to develop, test, and field a phased set of mission capabilities.

While interest in mission engineering is growing, so is the development and use of Digital Engineering (DE). The DoD has developed a DE Strategy, and the Components are working to adopt DE to support their acquisition programs. This presentation outlines key mission engineering activities and describes opportunities for application of digital engineering to support mission engineering.

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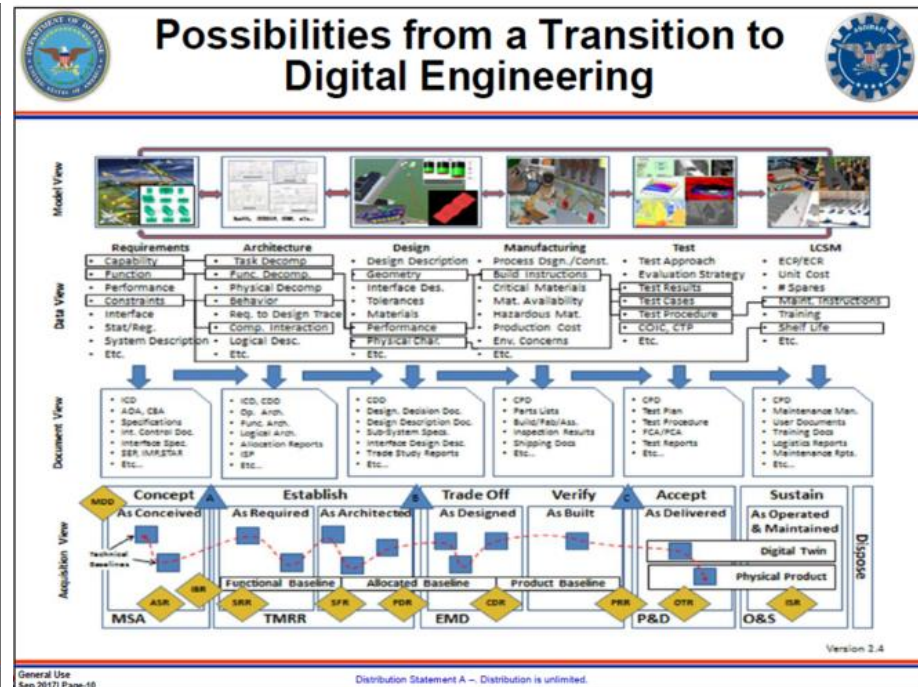
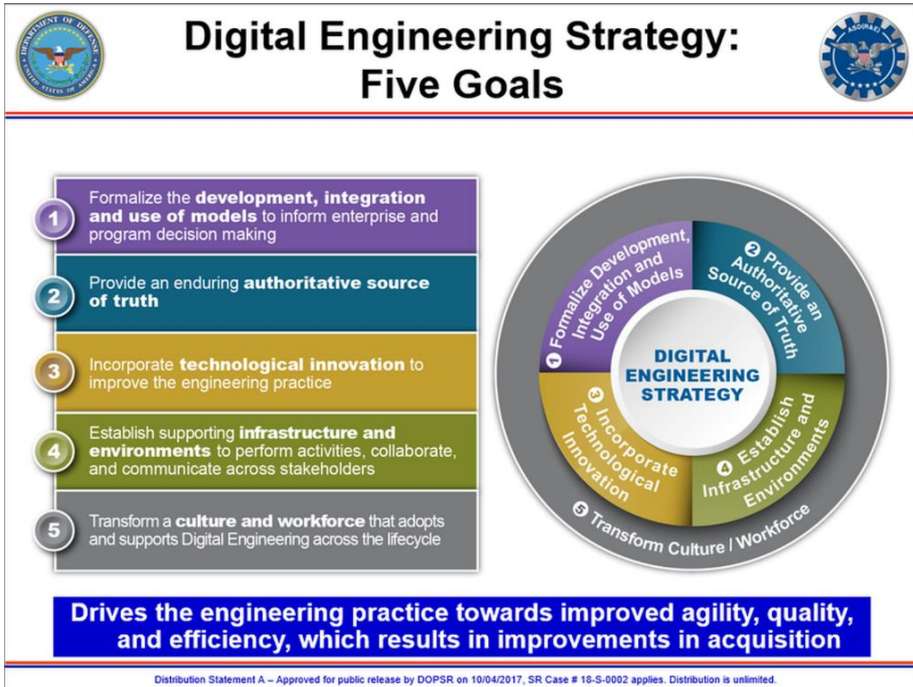
Topics



- Digital Engineering (DE) and 5 Goals of the DoD DE Strategy
- Mission Engineering (ME) and Top Level ME Activities
- Mission Engineering Challenges
- How ME can Benefit from DE

Digital Engineering

- DoD is pursuing a **digital engineering strategy**
- DE principals and implementation possibilities provide the basis for transforming systems engineering



Digital Engineering Overview

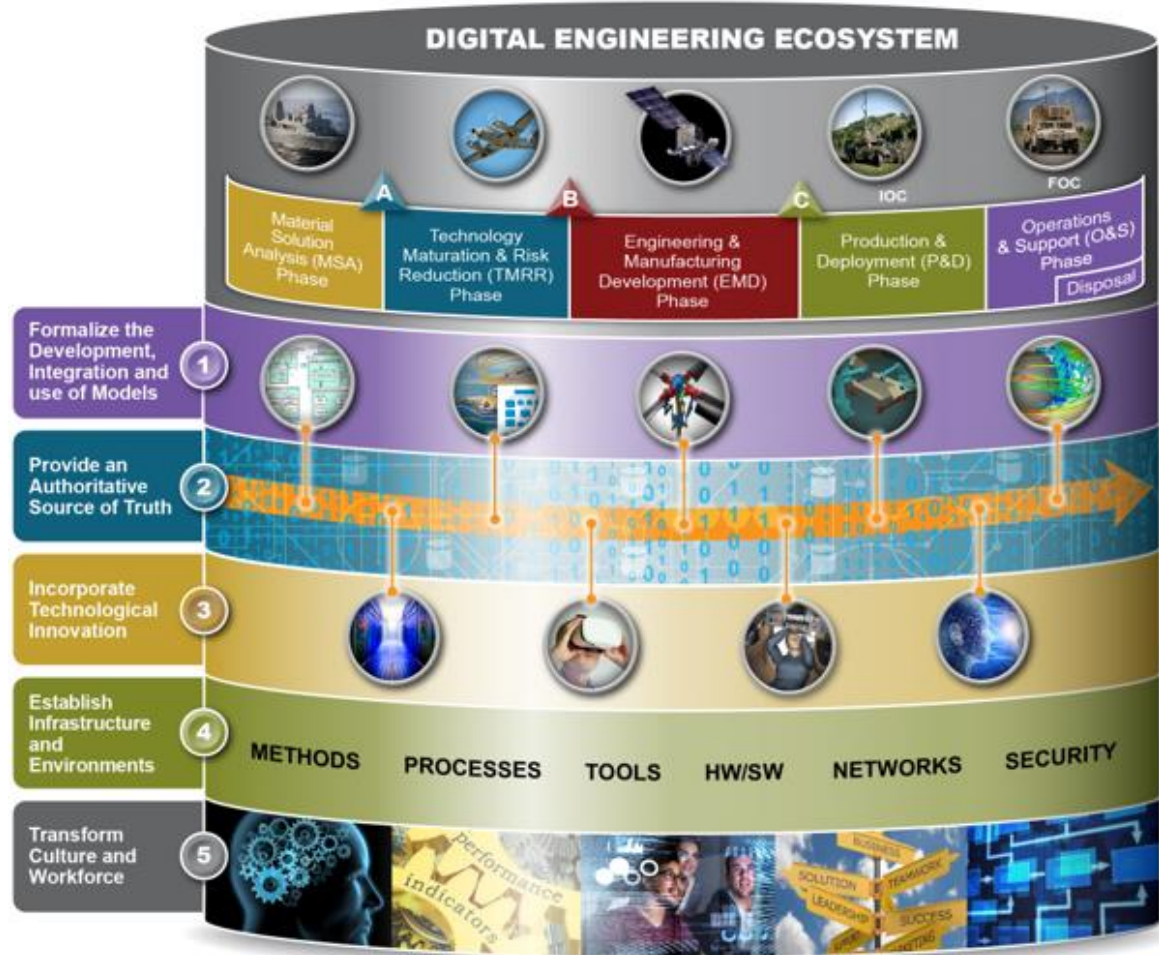


■ What is Digital Engineering?

- Combines model-based techniques, digital practices, and computing infrastructure
- Enables Delivery of high pay off solutions to the warfighter at the speed of relevance

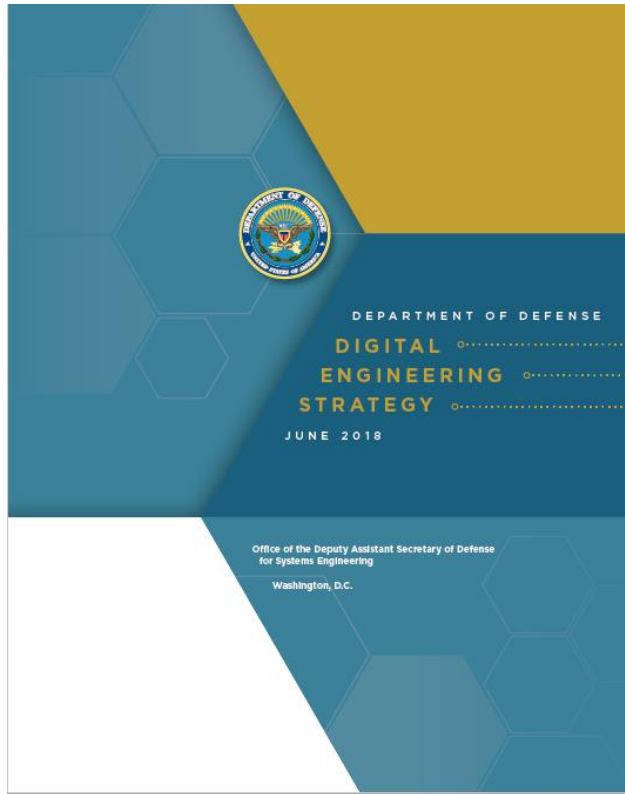
■ Reforms Business Practices

- Digital enterprise connects people, processes, data, and capabilities
- Improves technical, contract, and business practices through an authoritative source of truth and digital artifacts



Modernizes how we design, operate, and sustain capabilities to outpace our adversaries

DoD Digital Engineering Strategy



The strategy promotes the use of digital representations of systems and components and the use of digital artifacts to design and sustain national defense systems.

- The Department's five strategic goals for digital engineering are
 - Formalize the development, integration, and use of models to inform enterprise and program decision making
 - Provide an enduring, authoritative source of truth
 - Incorporate technological innovation to improve the engineering practice
 - Establish a supporting infrastructure and environment to perform activities, collaborate, and communicate across stakeholders
 - Transform the culture and workforce to adopt and support digital engineering across the life cycle

https://www.acq.osd.mil/se/initiatives/init_de.html

Digital Engineering Fundamentals



The Digital Engineering (DE) Fundamentals lay out a set of precepts for applying digital engineering to support systems engineering by Defense programs



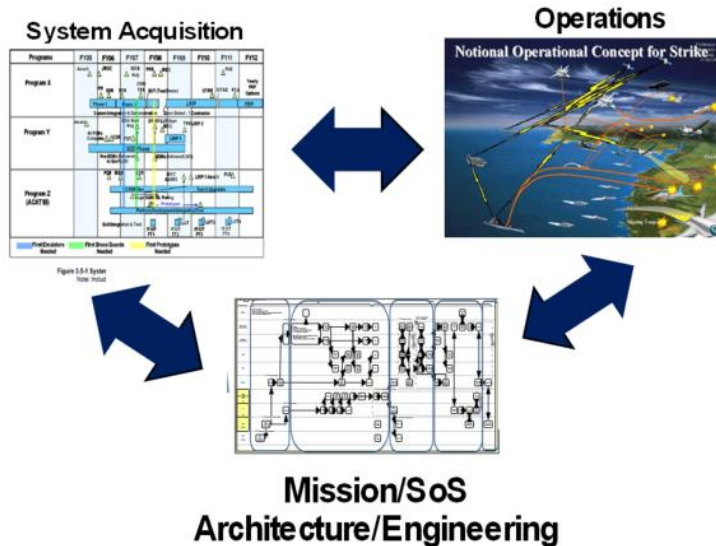
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE DIGITAL ENGINEERING WORKING GROUP

Systems Engineering Digital Engineering Fundamentals (Including Models and Simulations)

1. The program should use a digital model to develop depictions of the system to support all program uses, including requirements analysis, architecture, design and cost trades; design evaluations; optimizations; system, subsystem, component, and subcomponent definition and integration; cost estimations; training aids and devices development; developmental and operational tests; sustainment and disposal. In addition, models and simulations should be used, to the greatest extent feasible, in systems engineering and program/project risk management; cost and schedule planning; and providing critical capabilities to effectively address issues in areas including but not limited to interoperability, joint operations, and systems of systems across the entire acquisition life cycle.
2. The responsibility for planning and coordinating programs' use of models, simulations, tools, data, data rights, and the engineering environment belongs to the program manager; the performance of the actual tasks may be delegated to the program systems engineer and other program staff as appropriate.
3. Programs should identify and maintain model-centric technology, methodology/approach and usage preferably in a digital format (e.g., a digital system model(s)), that integrates the authoritative technical data and associated artifacts generated by all stakeholders throughout the system life cycle. Unless impractical, the program should develop the digital system model(s) using standard model representations, methods, and underlying data structures.
4. The digital system model(s) is a collaborative product of systems engineering and design engineering efforts. The program should construct the digital system model(s) by integrating data consumed and produced by the activities across and related to the program. The digital system model(s) should include, but should not be limited to, the technical baseline, parametric descriptions, behavior definitions, internal and external interfaces, form, structure, and cost. This data should be traced at a minimum from operational capabilities through requirements, design constructs, test, training, and sustainment. The program should validate the digital system model(s) baseline at appropriate technical milestones.
5. Systems engineers should use models to define, understand, evaluate, communicate, and indicate the project scope, and to maintain an "authoritative source" about the system. When captured digitally, the system model may be used to produce technical documentation and other artifacts to support program decisions. It is expected that a properly managed, digitally based system model will be more accurate, consistent, and sharable.
6. Models, simulations, tools, methodology, and data employed in acquisition activities should have an established level of trust, and the program should use the activities with an acknowledged level of risk appropriate to the application. The development of models, construction of simulations, and/or use of these assets to perform program definition and development activities (including pre-Materiel Development Decision and pre-Milestone A) requires collaboration among all project stakeholders and is led by the systems engineer.
7. The program office should ensure sufficient training in the appropriate use of models, simulations, tools, data, and the engineering environment. The program should identify metrics that show the link between training and the appropriate use of activities that result in benefits to the program, especially in the areas of early identification of defects, cost avoidance, and risk reduction.
8. The program should update the digital system model(s) throughout the program life cycle and maintain configuration management (i.e., version controls). These updates will provide continuity among all program stakeholders, including the program model developers, simulation uses, and other engineering and program management activities.

DE Fundamentals apply at all levels and to any organizations which apply systems engineering – including Mission Engineering

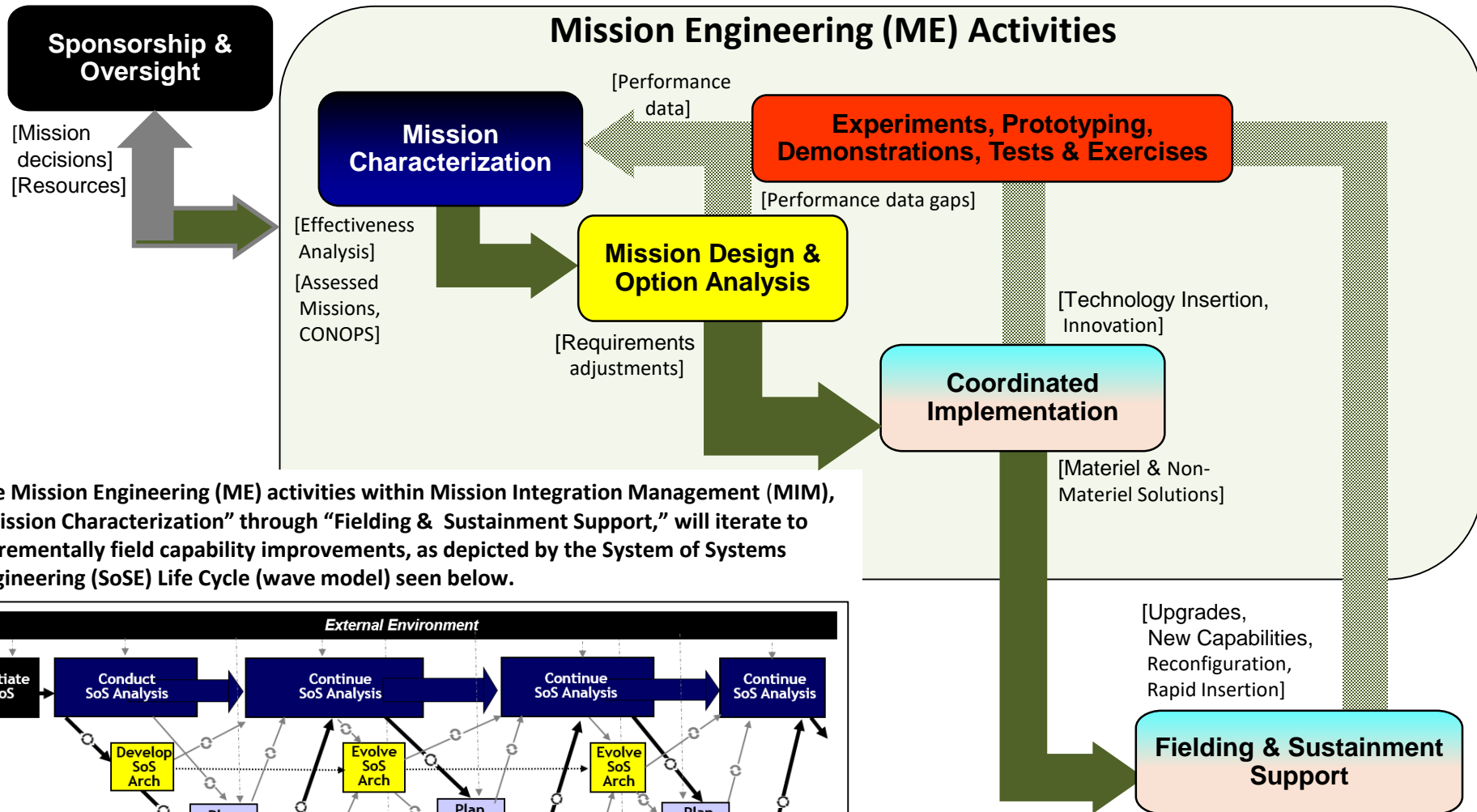
Mission Engineering



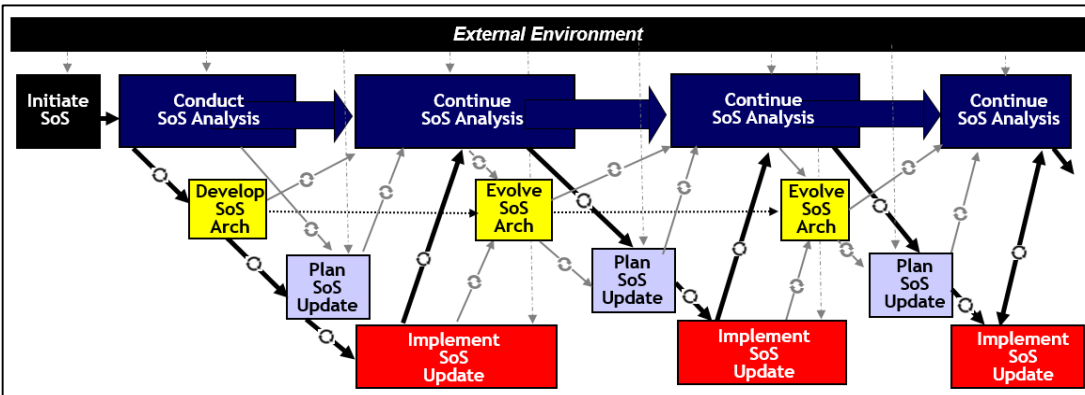
Mission Engineering is the deliberate planning, analyzing, organizing, and integrating of current and emerging operational and system capabilities to achieve desired warfighting mission effects

- Mission engineering treats the end-to-end mission as the “system”
- Individual systems are components of the larger mission ‘system’
- Systems engineering is applied to the systems-of-systems supporting operational mission outcomes
- Mission engineering goes beyond data exchange among systems to address cross cutting functions, end to end control and trades across systems
- Technical trades exist at multiple levels; not just within individual systems or components
- Well-engineered composable mission architectures foster resilience, adaptability and rapid insertion of new technologies

Top-Level Mission Engineering Activities



The Mission Engineering (ME) activities within Mission Integration Management (MIM), “Mission Characterization” through “Fielding & Sustainment Support,” will iterate to incrementally field capability improvements, as depicted by the System of Systems Engineering (SoSE) Life Cycle (wave model) seen below.

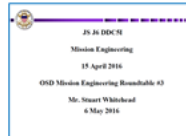


Source: Defense Acquisition Guidebook, Chapter 3 Systems Engineering, Section 3.1.2 Systems of Systems

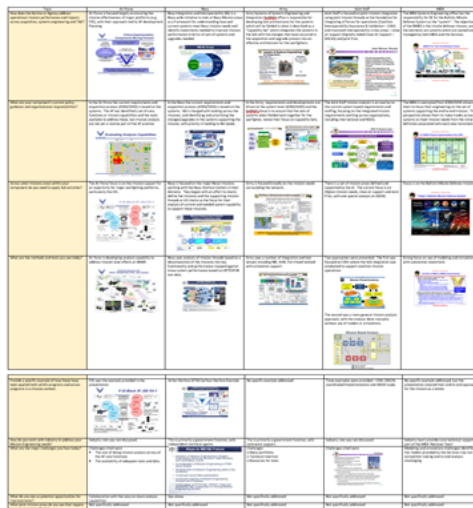
Building on Experience



Mission Engineering is Underway By Components



Snapshot of Roundtables



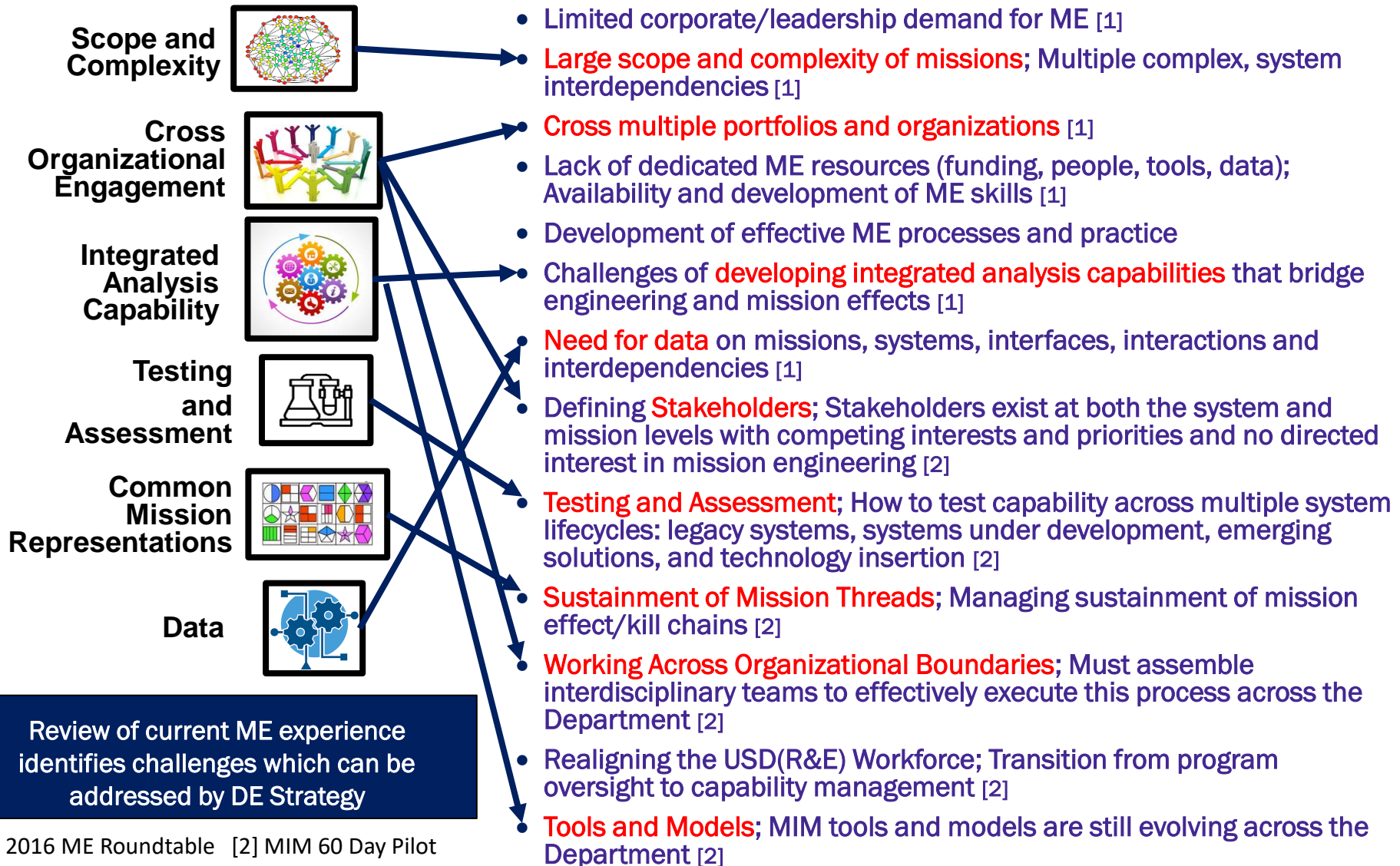
Hosted Roundtables April – May 2016

Results: Service activities are focused on unique approaches and mission perspectives.

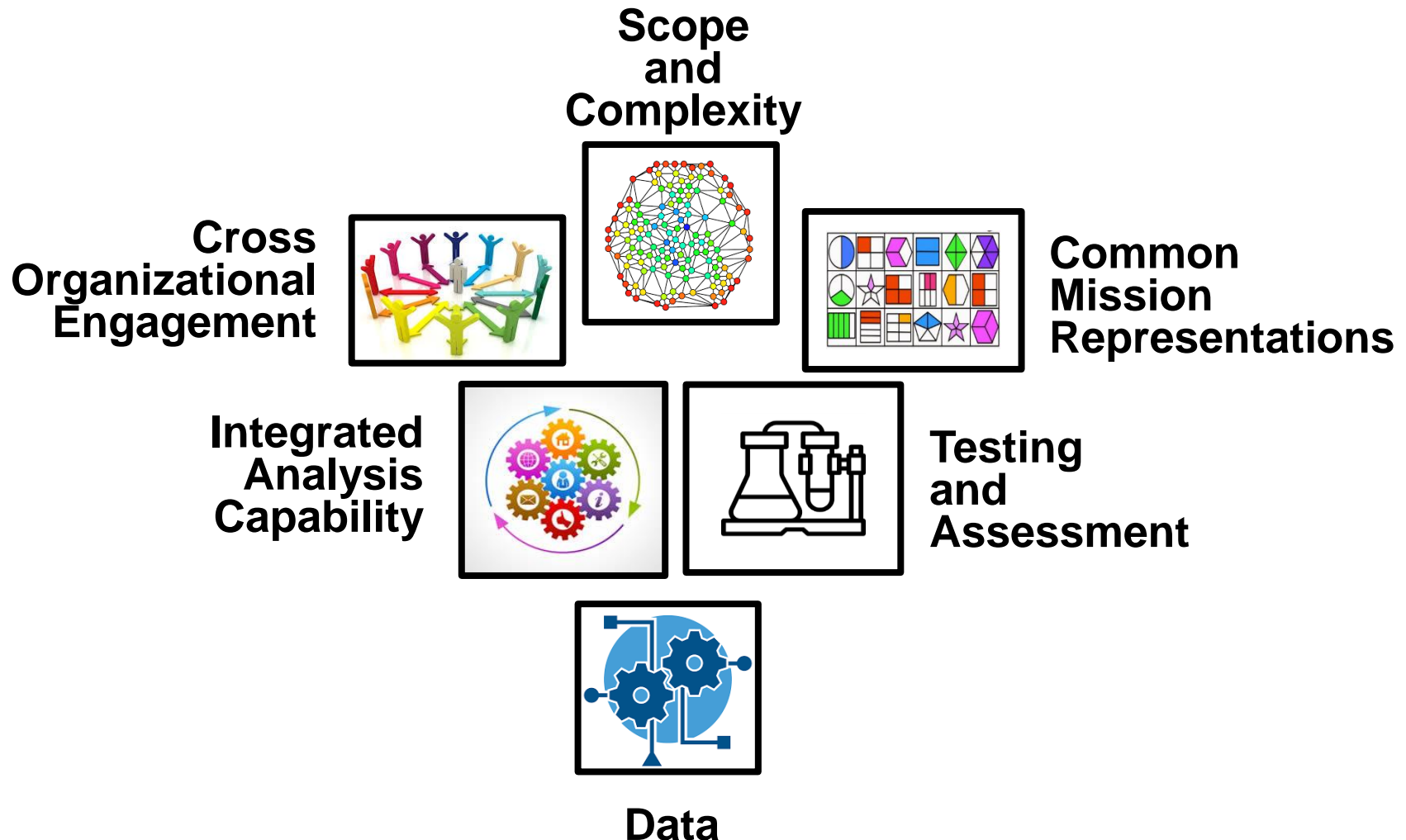
- Assess current mission capabilities as basis for analysis of shortfalls, options and recommended programming and budgeting changes (**Navy I&I**)
- Address integration during development (**Army NIE/AWE**)
- Early development planning to derive mission gaps and capability solutions (**AF**)
- Comprehensive, ongoing engineering and integration towards improved mission performance (**Missile Defense Agency**)

- While there is growing interest in ME in DoD, the Components have been implementing ME in various forms over the past 5 years
- Their experience provides insights into ME challenges

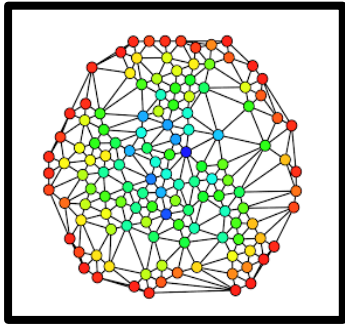
Mission Engineering Technical Challenge Areas



Mission Engineering Challenges That Digital Engineering Can Address



Scope and Complexity



Large scope and complexity of missions

Cross multiple portfolios and organizations

Multiple complex, system interdependencies

Defining Stakeholders

Stakeholders exist at both the system and mission levels with competing interests and priorities and no directed interest in mission engineering

- Missions span multiple systems, organizations, scenarios
- Multiple stakeholders with their own interests, motivations, and perspectives, often participate with their own models and analysis tools at the system, components, and mission function
- To address the mission in a coherent way requires methods, processes, and tools which can provide a shared view of key elements of the mission
- Use of formalized, shared, linked models can provide the framework
 - for addressing issues at different levels of detail for different purposes
 - while maintaining integrity and coherence across the mission addressing complexity and scope through partitioning
- Enterprise-wide mission modeling strategy and framework provides the basis for cost effective ME

Digital Engineering Strategy

Goal 1

Formalize the development, integration, and use of models to inform enterprise and program decision making

1. Formalize the planning for models to support engineering activities and decision making across the lifecycle
2. Formally develop, integrate, and curate models
3. Use models to support engineering activities and decision making across the lifecycle

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11

Data



Need for data on missions, systems, interfaces, interactions and interdependencies

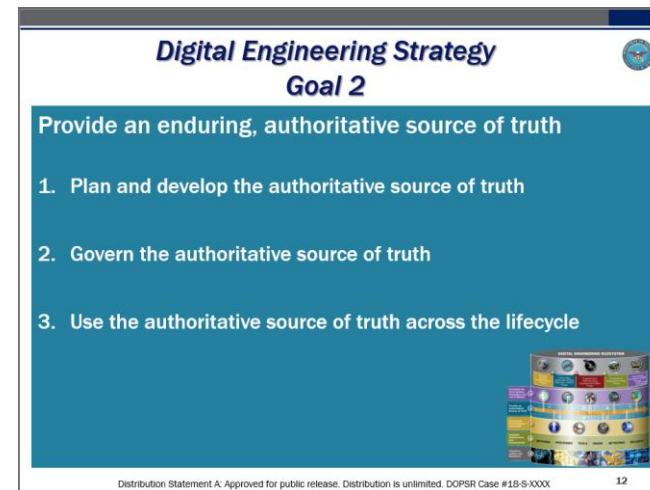
Very distributed, maintained in various forms by different organizations

Focus on specific system needs and do not address interdependencies and interactions

Even when available, can be hard to locate or access

Current system models are developed for different purposes which can challenge their effective use in addressing mission level issues

- Data is critical to effective engineering at any level and common data shared across models and analyses is key to successful mission engineering
- In the absence of ME, typically each organization invests considerable resources to develop data which is often not known or shared across a mission
- Driving common, shared data through coordinated modeling and data management provide backbone for coherency across models and analyses
 - For ME this includes data from mission operations – often the source of gaps and opportunities
- A mission-wide distributed enterprise data strategy supporting curated linked models is key to effective ME



Cross-Organizational Engagement



Working Across Organizational Boundaries

Must assemble interdisciplinary teams to effectively execute this process across the Department

- DoD missions depend on effective interaction among systems owned, development, managed and operated by different organizations
- Each organization has its own systems engineering processes and tools to support the needs of its organization
- To effectively engineer across the mission requires the same type of effective interaction across engineering as is needed across systems
- Use of shared supporting digital infrastructure and DE methodologies can enable collaborative analysis and engineering across key organizations responsible for systems and functions critical to mission outcomes

Digital Engineering Strategy

Goal 4

Establish a supporting infrastructure and environments to perform activities, collaborate, and communicate across stakeholders

1. Develop, mature, and use digital IT infrastructures
2. Develop, mature and use digital engineering methodologies
3. Secure IT infrastructure and protect intellectual property



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Integrated Analysis Capabilities



Challenges of developing integrated analysis capabilities that bridge engineering and mission effects

Limits on the available analysis methods to address complexity and dynamics

Difficult to link changes in systems or SoS engineering models with impacts on missions in operational or mission simulations

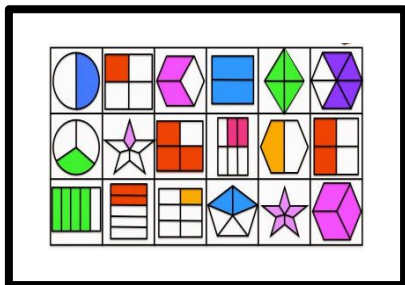
Tools address only subset of issues, making complex analysis and engineering trades manpower intensive and time consuming, are difficult to use together

- Given the complexity and scope of most Defense missions, and the number of stakeholders and organization key to the mission, effective ME needs to support analysis capabilities that draw on a range of models and data to address the mission level options and impacts

- The combined effects of
 - Curated linked models
 - Managed data
 - Supporting infrastructureprovide the capabilities needed to address mission level integrated analysis challenges



Common Mission Representations



- Effective ME requires a common view of the mission – CONOPs, systems capabilities, threats – that are shared across the enterprise to provide a shared framework across the mission which can be used as context for more detailed views of specific issues related some elements of the mission, Component mission perspectives, and the view of the systems

Sustainment of Mission Threads

Managing sustainment of mission effect/kill chains will require some adjustments to existing job functions and creative thinking by analysts who have heretofore focused on programs and Services individually

- Curation of both models and data – including mission threads – for use across the mission for analysis and engineering is core to effectively applying ME ensuring that there is a common underlying understanding and assumptions driving decisions which affect the mission

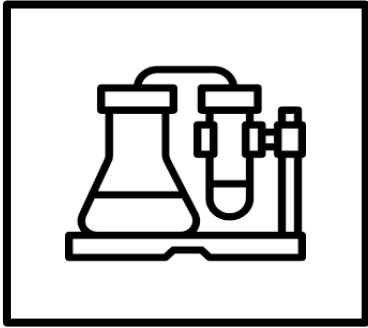
Digital Engineering Strategy
Goal 1
Formalize the development, integration, and use of models to inform enterprise and program decision

Digital Engineering Strategy
Goal 2
Provide an enduring, authoritative source of truth

1. Plan and develop the authoritative source of truth
2. Govern the authoritative source of truth
3. Use the authoritative source of truth across the lifecycle

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Test and Assessment



- One factor that leads to the complexity of ME is that many of the systems are independent, are at different stages of their lifecycles and their development cycles are geared toward their system users, which means the mission-level engineering has a limited ability to synchronize and validate impacts of system changes on the missions

Testing and Assessment

How to test capability across multiple system lifecycles: legacy systems, systems under development, emerging solutions, and technology insertion

- The availability of linked models allows for innovative approaches to identifying and assessing impacts of changes in systems on the mission when live end-to-end testing is not feasible
- In addition regular input from mission operations is key to assess models and ensuring data reflects operational reality

Digital Engineering Strategy

Goal 3

Incorporate technological innovation to improve the engineering practice

1. Establish an end-to-end digital engineering enterprise
2. Use technological innovations to improve the engineering practice



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13

An Opportunity



- The fifth DE goal is to transform the way we do engineering, taking advantage of the computational capability available to us today – recognizing this is a change for the culture and the workforce
- Notably, ME is also a change for the DoD – for the culture and workforce – with the shift from a program/ system focus to a focus on the ‘mission’ as the system, and applying systems engineering across the mission and the systems-of-systems supporting the mission outcome
- Since change is not linear – this may be the ideal time – as we address ME in earnest across the DoD – to use this opportunity to embrace DE as a means to address the ME challenges

Digital Engineering Strategy
Goal 5

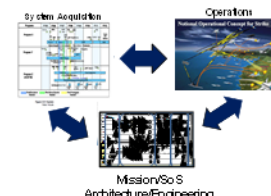
Transform the culture and workforce to adopt and support digital engineering across the lifecycle

1. Improve the digital engineering knowledge base
2. Lead and support digital engineering transformation efforts
3. Build and prepare the workforce



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Mission Engineering



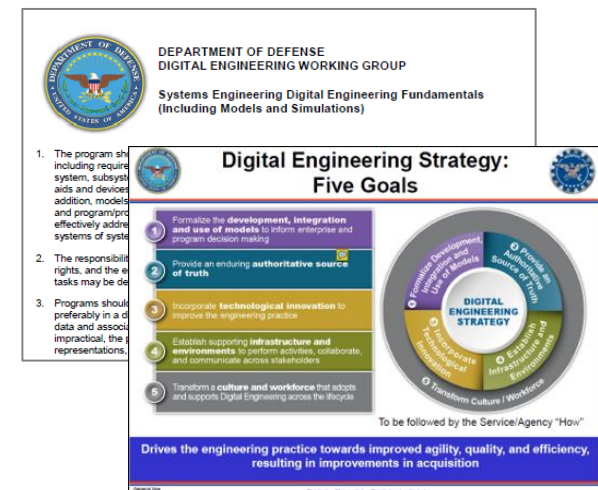
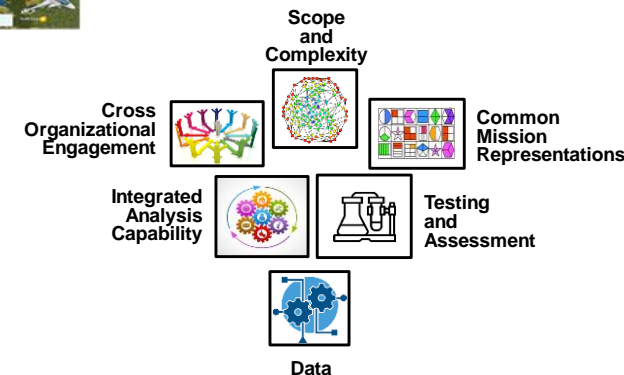
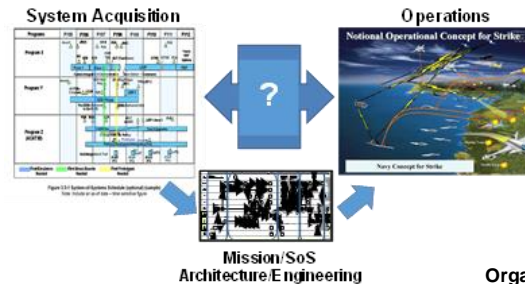
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18 Joint Mission 2017 Rev01 UNCLASSIFIED 11 Apr 2019

In Sum.....

- The DoD DE strategy and its driving fundamentals, when considered at the mission-level, provides a set of enablers to address some of the key challenges facing ME in the DoD today
- DE does not, in and of itself, address these challenges, but by providing an approach to shared, curated models and data supported by an collaborative infrastructure, it offers a viable, extensible set of tools and methodologies to address these ME challenges with an innovative and cross organizational approach which leverages today's computational technologies



DoD Research and Engineering Enterprise

Solving Problems Today – Designing Solutions for Tomorrow



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For Additional Information

Digital Engineering website:

https://www.acq.osd.mil/se/initiatives/init_de.html

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