SoSECIE Webinar

Welcome to the 2021 System of Systems Engineering Collaborators Information Exchange (SoSECIE)



We will start at 11AM Eastern Time

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https://mitre.tahoe.appsembler.com/blog

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NDIA System of Systems SE Committee

Mission

- To provide a forum where government, industry, and academia can share lessons learned, promote best practices, address issues, and advocate systems engineering for Systems of Systems (SoS)
- To identify successful strategies for applying systems engineering principles to systems engineering of SoS

• Operating Practices

 Face to face and virtual SoS Committee meetings are held in conjunction with NDIA SE Division meetings that occur in February, April, June, and August

NDIA SE Division SoS Committee Industry Chairs:

Mr. Rick Poel, Boeing Ms. Jennie Horne, Raytheon

OSD Liaison:

Dr. Judith Dahmann, MITRE

Simple Rules of Engagement

- I have muted all participant lines for this introduction and the briefing.
- If you need to contact me during the briefing, send me an e-mail at sosecie@mitre.org.
- Download the presentation so you can follow along on your own
- We will hold all questions until the end:
 - I will start with questions submitted online via the CHAT window in Teams.
 - I will then take questions via telephone; State your name, organization, and question clearly.
- If a question requires more discussion, the speaker(s) contact info is in the brief.

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2021-2022 System of Systems Engineering Collaborators Information Exchange Webinars Sponsored by MITRE and NDIA SE Division

March 23, 2021 Fuzzy Architecture Description for Handling Uncertainty in IoT Systems-of-Systems Flavio Oquendo

April 6, 2021 Holistic architecture description for a future Global Health Assurance Systems of Systems Adrián Unger

April 20, 2021 Leveraging Set-Based Practices to Enable Efficient Concurrency in Large Systems and Systems-of-Systems Engineering Brian Kennedy

> May 4, 2021 OUSD R&E: USD(R&E) Mission Engineering (ME) State of Practice Elmer L. Roman

May 18, 2021 Application of Probabilistic Graph Models to Kill Chain and Multi-Domain Kill Web Analysis Problems Jason Baker and Valerie Sitterle

https://www.mitre.org/capabilities/systems-engineering/collaborations/system-of-systems-engineering-collaborators

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June 1, 2021 Applying an MBSE Approach for Evaluating Shipyard Operations David Jurkiewicz

June 15, 2021 Implementing a Digital Engineering Environment for Mission Engineering Jason Anderson and Jeffrey Boulware

> June 29, 2021 Digital Engineering: From Toolchain to Platform Dr. Aleksandra Markina-Khusid

July 13, 2021 Developing Meta Systems Architectures for Leading Innovation with Complex Societal and Technical Challenges Dr. Cihan Dagli

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Distributed Architecture for Monitoring Urban Air Quality: A Systems Engineering Approach

System of Systems Engineering Collaborators Information Exchange (SoSECIE)

March 9th, 2021 11:00 a.m. to Noon Eastern Time

Speaker: Adrián Unger adrianunger@gmail.com www.linkedin.com/in/adrian-unger-systemsengineer



Professional Master's in Applied Systems Engineering (2019)

Agenda

- Motivation
- Project goals
- Context
- Development process
- Conclusions
- Acknowledgements



Motivation

Capstone Project

• Sponsor: Georgia Tech's PMASE program

Co-sponsor: NASA's Earth Science & Technology Office

Support to New Observing Strategies (NOS) project



Project Goals

- Urban air quality domain
- Use of SE methods & tools
- Needs, use cases & high-level requirements
- Distributed monitoring architecture
- Focus on Research // Early Adopters // 3 Rs (reproducibility, replicability & reliability)



Why Urban Air Quality?

environment programme

Air pollution, which kills an estimated 7 million people every year, is the biggest environmental health risk of our time.

unenvironment.org/explore-topics/air/about-air

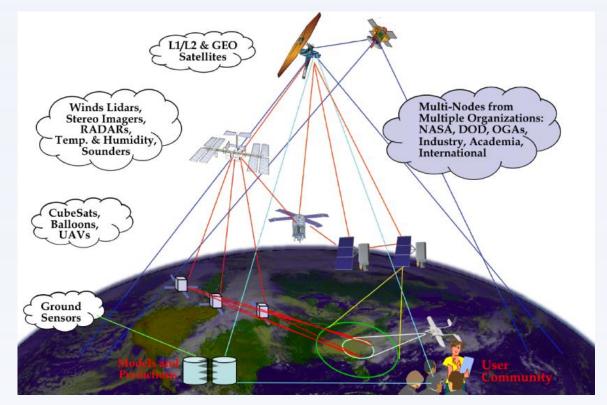
The short-lived climate pollutants black carbon, methane, tropospheric ozone, and hydrofluorocarbons are the most important contributors to the man-made global greenhouse effect after carbon dioxide, responsible for up to 45% of current global warming. (IGSD, 2013)





Why a Distributed Monitoring System?

- Multiple sources, users & technologies
 - Satellites to indoor monitoring
 - Public, Private, Research, etc.
- System of Systems
 - Multiple purposes and level of stakeholders
 - Multiple lifecycles
 - Multiple owners (& governance)
- Allow data sharing and processing
- Georeferenced decision-making



ntrs.nasa.gov/archive/nasa/casi.ntrs.nasa.gov/20190028350.pdf



Development Process





Development Process

Mission Analysis

Use Case Analysis

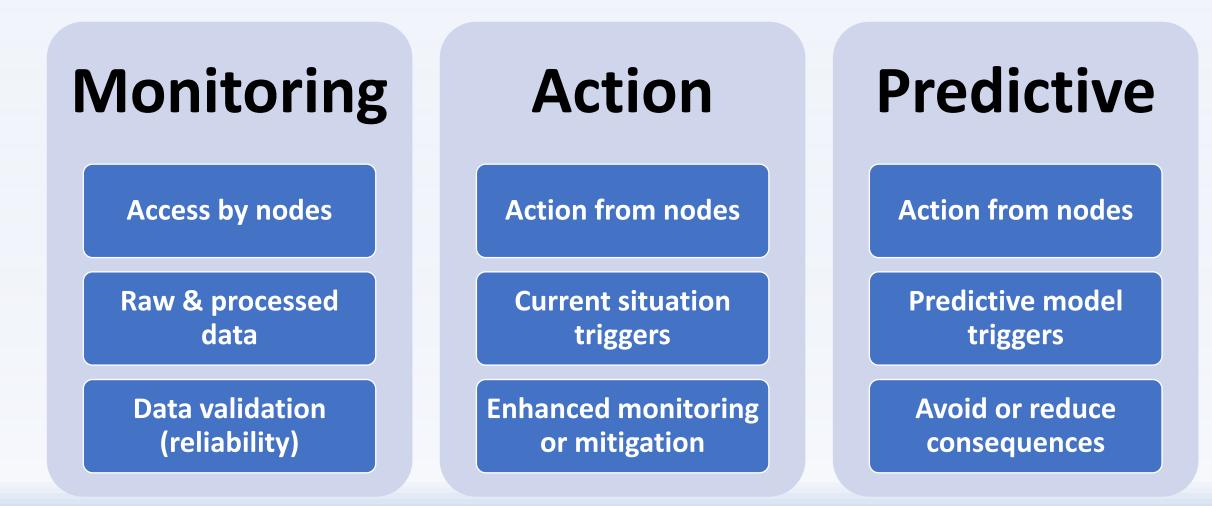
Sociotechnical Analysis

Requirements Analysis

System Architecture



Mission Analysis







Stakeholder & Use Case Analysis

Sociotechnical Analysis

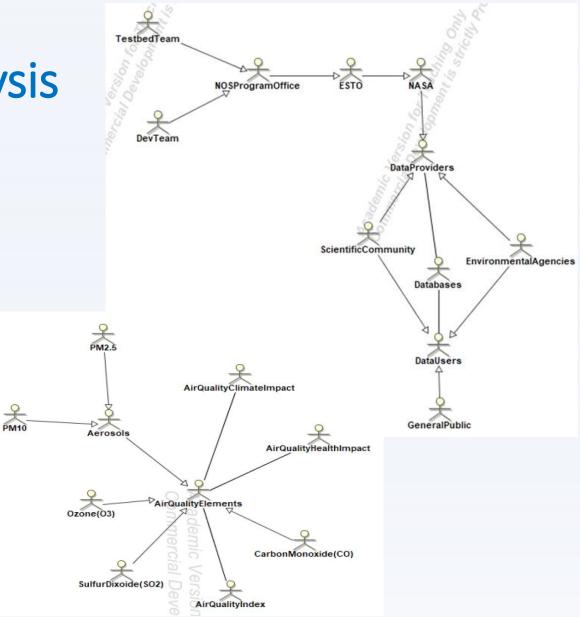
Requirements Analysis

System Architecture



Stakeholder & Use Case Analysis

- Actor identification
- Multi-level use cases
- Primary Stakeholders: Data Providers and Data Users
- NASA Earth Science Technology Office establishes infrastructure for NOS project.
- Data providers and data users interact with and utilize infrastructure to receive data product.
- Scientific community and environmental agencies are primarily both a data provider and a data users. Concerned with precision and accuracy of data (fundamentally rooted in calibration of instruments and sensors... big challenge!)
- Non-personnel actors are air quality elements being sensed and correlated with research data





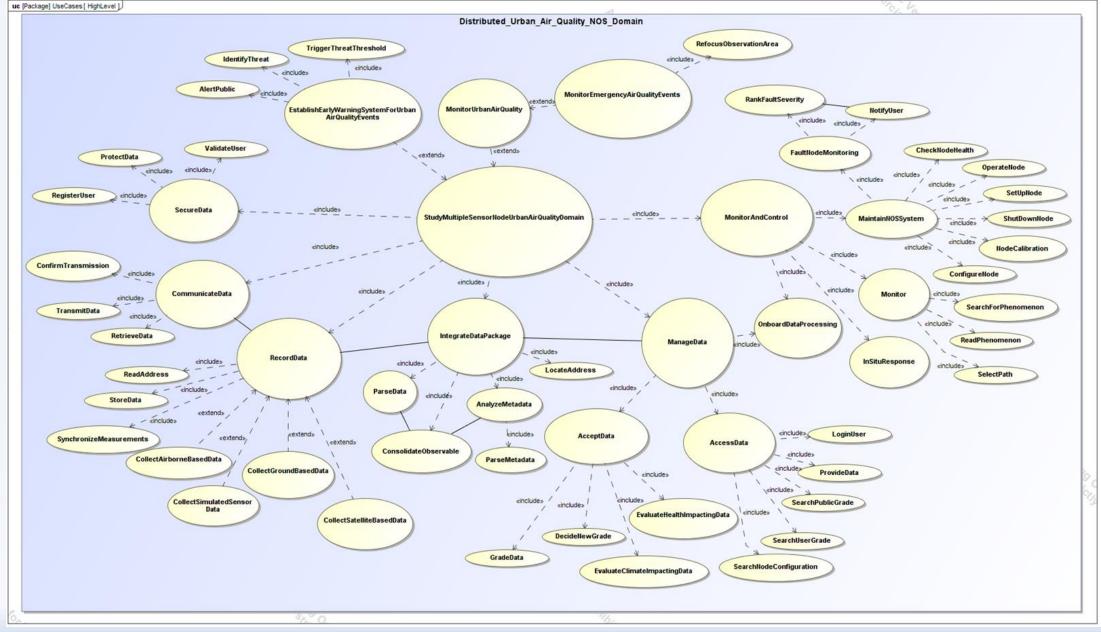
Primary Urban Air Quality NOS Use Cases: •Data collection (Recording Data) •Data Integration •Data Management •Data Communication •Data Security •Node Network Monitoring and Control

Use Case

Extensions (use all included elements of primary use case):

Monitoring Mode
(Normal Operation)
Emergency Mode
"Refocusing"
Early Warning
(Predictive)

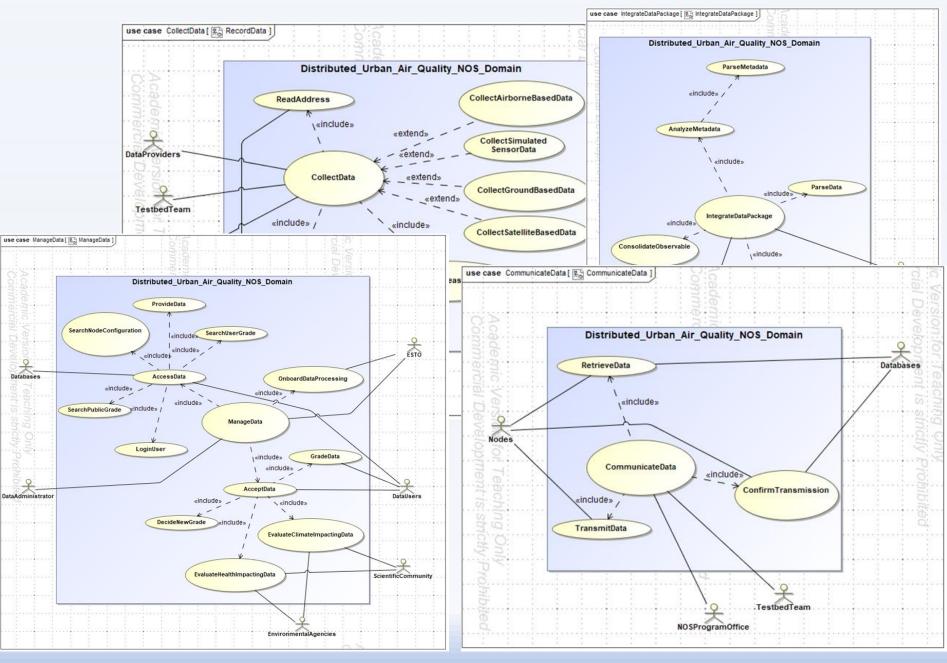
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Use Cases

- Collect Data
- Integrate Data
- Manage Data •
- Communicate Data
- Secure Data
- Monitor & Control

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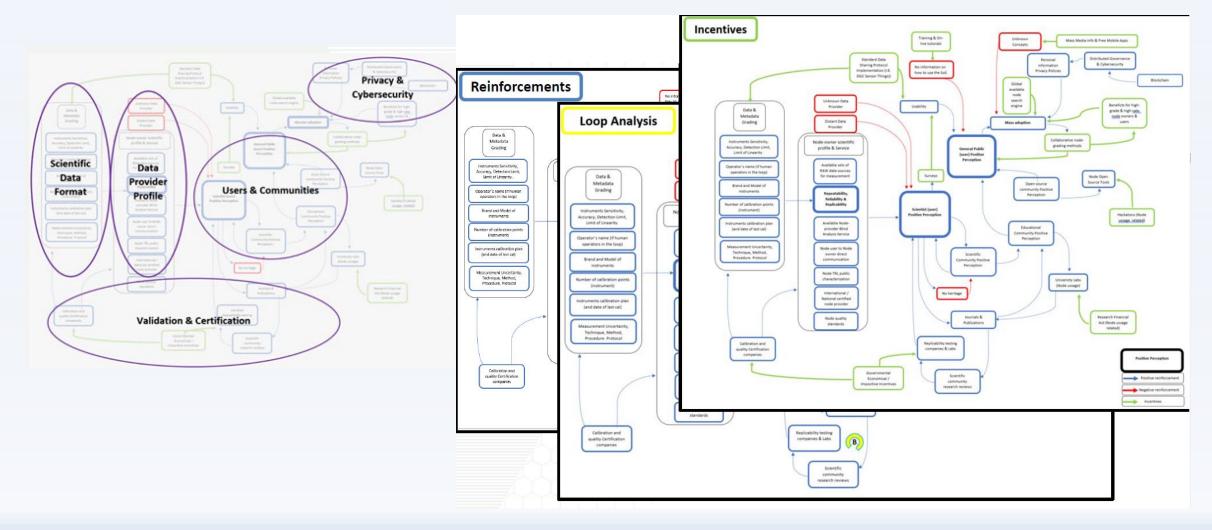




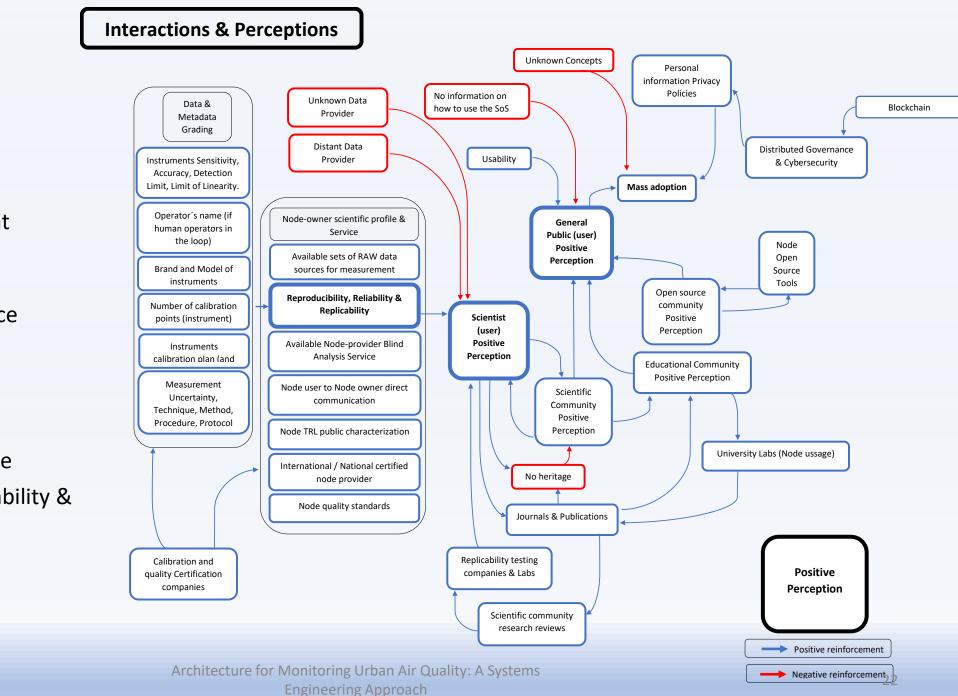




Sociotechnical Analysis







- High-level mapping
- Support to requirement analysis
- Perception & confidence
- Required & desired

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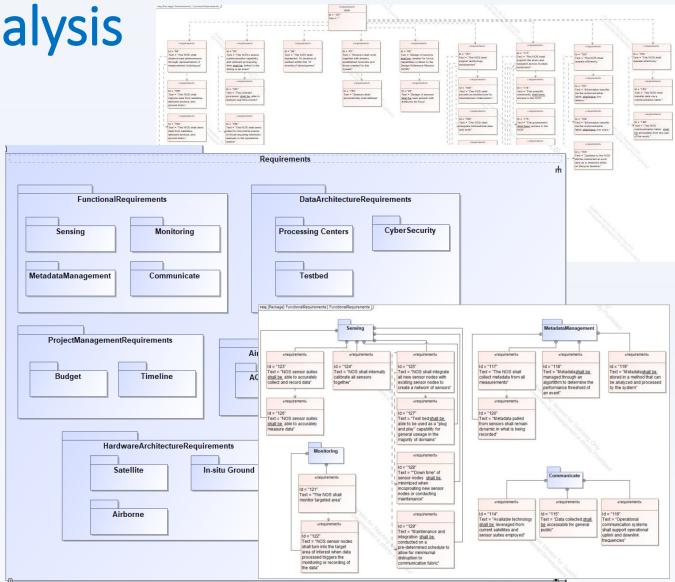
- Key aspects of influence
- (reproducibility, replicability & reliability)





Requirements Analysis

- Functional
- Data architecture
- Hardware architecture
- Sociotechnical
- Project management
- Air quality
- Human systems integration

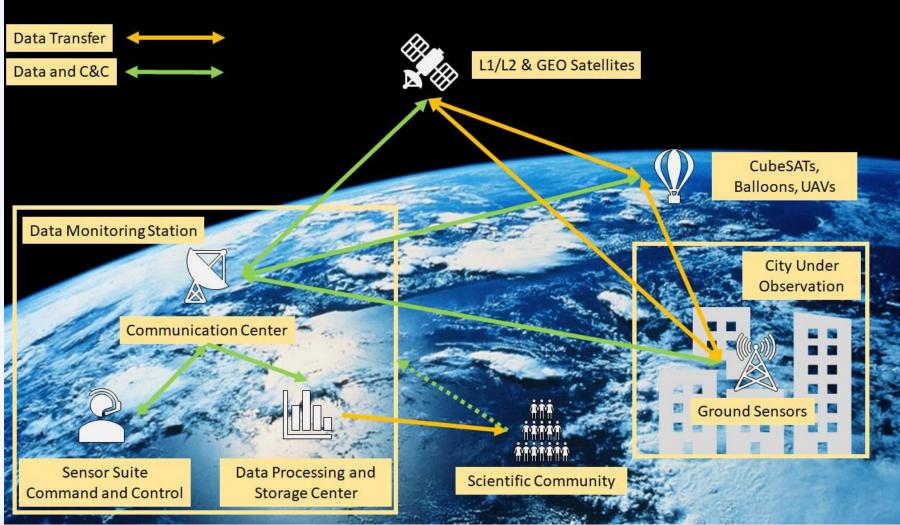








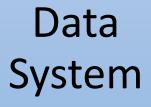
System Architecture





System Architecture

NOS System



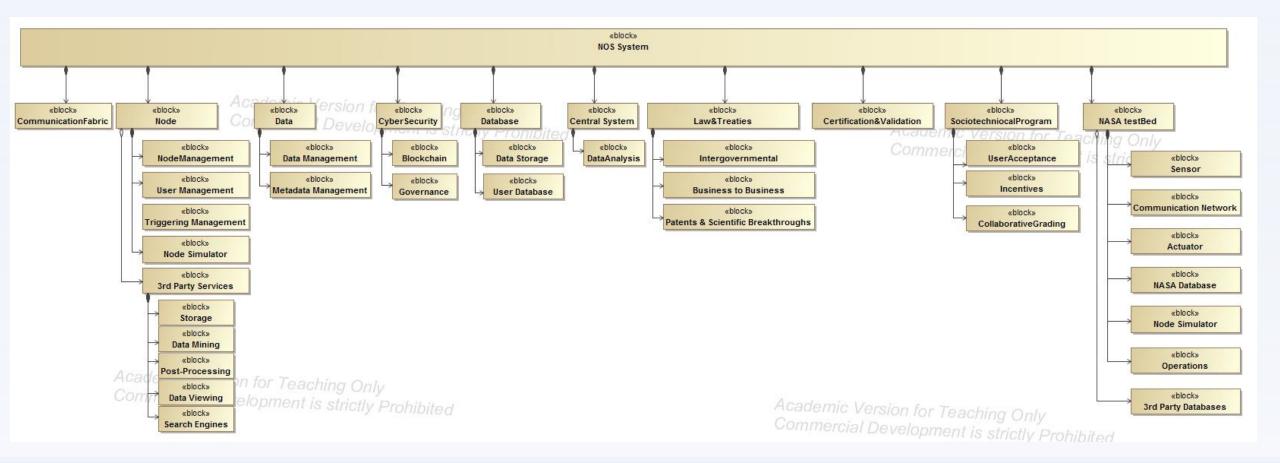
Information System

Support System

User System

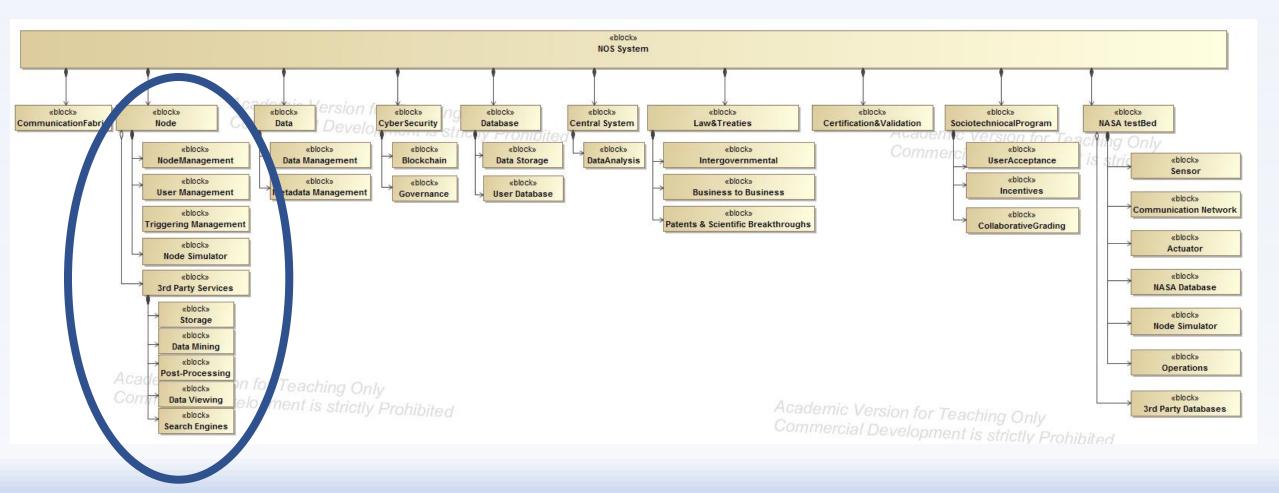


Proposed System (BDD)



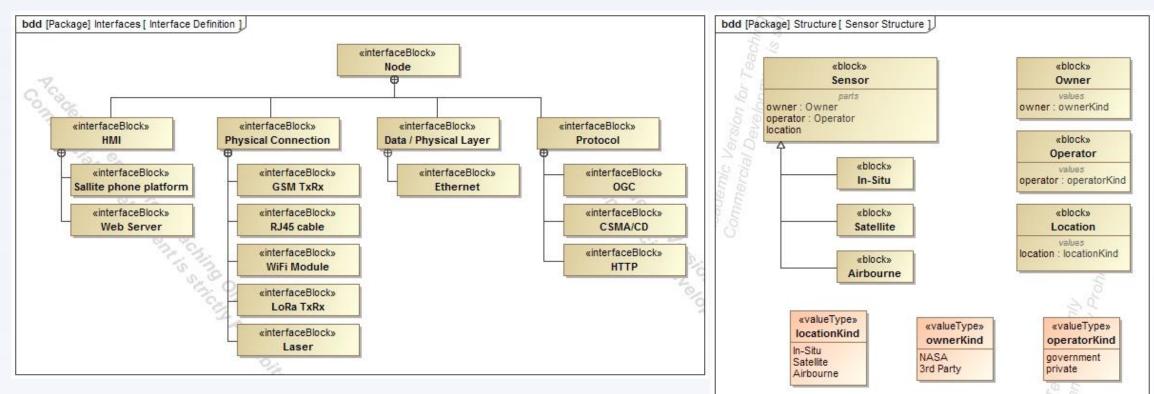


Proposed System (BDD)





Node // Sensor

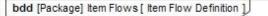


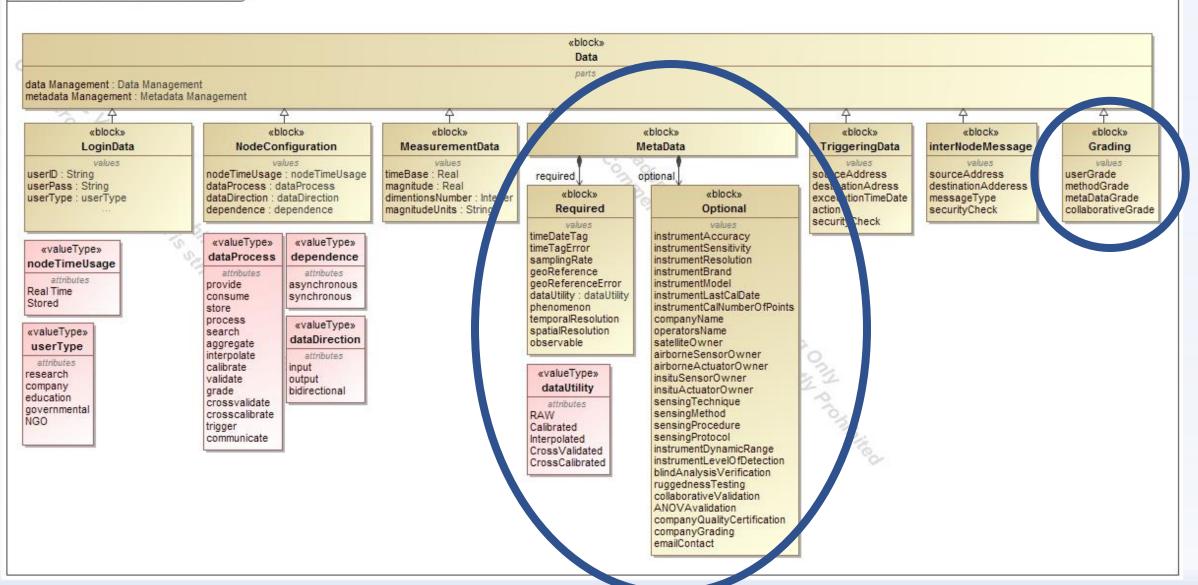
The concept of "Node" is critical and should be discussed in future work for deriving requirements (and establishing boundaries)

bdd [Package] Item Flows [Item Flow Definition]

	4		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
«block» LoginData	«block» NodeConfiguration	«block» MeasurementData	«block» MetaData	«block» TriggeringData	«block» interNodeMessage	«block» Grading
values erID : String erPass : String erType : userType	values nodeTimeUsage : nodeTimeUsage dataProcess : dataProcess dataDirection : dataDirection dependence : dependence	values timeBase : Real magnitude : Real dimentionsNumber : Integer magnitudeUnits : String	required optional (%) %block» %block»	values sourceAddress destinationAdress excecutionTimeDate action securityCheck	values sourceAddress destinationAdderess messageType securityCheck	values userGrade methodGrade metaDataGrade collaborativeGra
«valueType» deTimeUsage attributes al Time ored alueType» serType attributes search mpany ucation vernmental O	«valueType» dataProcess«valueType» dependenceattributes provide consume store process search aggregate interpolate calibrate validate grade crossvalidate crossvalidate crosscalibrate trigger communicate«valueType» dataDirection attributes input output bidirectional		timeDateTag timeTagError samplingRate geoReference geoReferenceError dataUtility : dataUtility phenomenon temporalResolution observable	ge ction in		









Air Quality Data Fusion: STATE OF THE ART

Massive amounts of historical data available, but in different formats

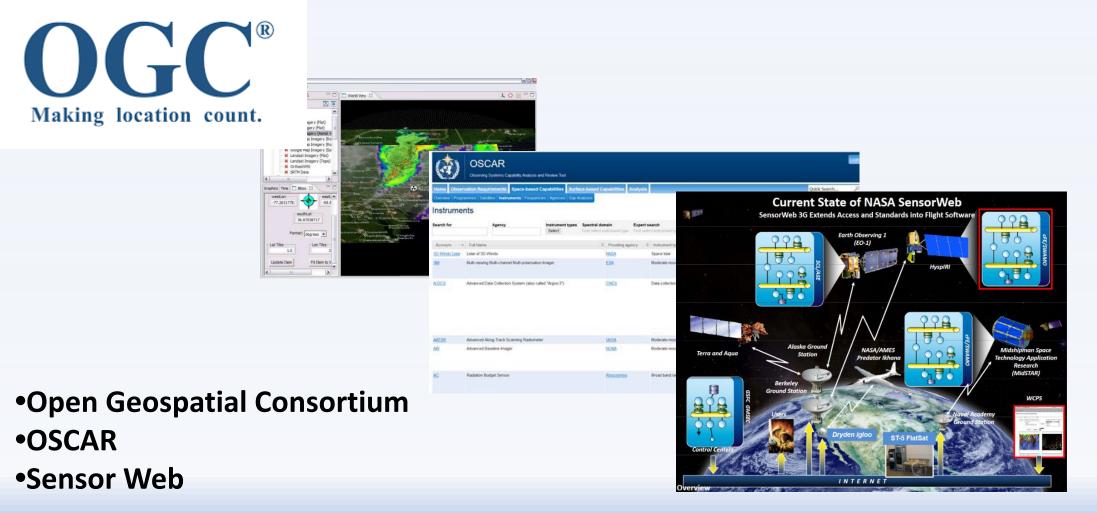
- •For cross validation: not only Data fusión through analysis, but also through Machine Learning
- •Two samples a day from satellite information for Air Quality (MODISTerra, Aqua, etc.)
- •For cross calibration and aerosol Dynamic models simulation: Supercomputers
- •Data Fusion methods need ground information: satellites measure vertical aerosol optical depth, ground sensors and air borne integrate horizontally
- •Data sharing has started: "operational data" does not imply" research data"
- •Street level triggering with hundreds of meters of resolution need "low signal correlations": ground sensor nets and interpolation.

Source: Dr. Mariel Friberg interviews & "Improving regional air quality modelling using machine learning to fuse surface and satellite information", M.D. Friberg, R.A. Kahn, NASA GSGC, USRA.

False positive & false negative events in Air Quality Observable detection may have expensive consequences.
In the present, Automatic Triggering for Air Quality phenomena may need humans in the loop



Global Sharing: STATE OF THE ART



For further work

- How to quantify:
 - the relative importance of heterogeneous latency contributors
 - the total End-to-End latency (in all the existing use cases)
- Does OGC standards admit partial implementations of Blockchain? (for example: Blockchain only for MetaData)
- Without knowing the approximate data size to be requested from Servers, clients can be easily overwhelmed by very large responses from servers.
- Likewise, servers can also be overwhelmed by an unreasonable number of requests.
- How would these Standards manage triggering actions around the globe without being enabled by a Human in the Loop? (hypothesis: an actuator from one system is triggered by another system (from different owners)

Conclusions

- Flexible network node interface increase acceptance
- User perception and confidence is important
 - 3 "Rs": Repeatability, Reliability & Reproducibility // Metadata
- Data validation and security as building blocks
- Commercial partners would enhance capabilities
- International standards may speed up definitions (i.e. OGC)
- This is a starting point. Much further work still required.



Acknowledgements

- Georgia Tech Professional Education
- NASA's Earth Science Technology Office
- Interviewed Scientists
- PMASE instructors & class of 2019



PMASE Capstone Team NASA

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- Laura B Beebe
- Philip Dewire
- Stephen Grzelak
- Tom McDermott (Mentor)



Thank you for your time

Now, Q&A

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