SoSECIE Webinar

Welcome to the 2020 System of Systems Engineering Collaborators Information Exchange (SoSECIE)



We will start at 11AM Eastern Time Skype Meeting +1 (703) 983-2020, 46013573# You can download today's presentation from the SoSECIE Website: <u>https://mitre.tahoe.appsembler.com/blog</u> To add/remove yourself from the email list or suggest a future topic or speaker, send an email to sosecie@mitre.org

NDIA System of Systems SE Committee

Mission

- To provide a forum where government, industry, and academia can share lessons learned, promote best practices, address issues, and advocate systems engineering for Systems of Systems (SoS)
- To identify successful strategies for applying systems engineering principles to systems engineering of SoS

Operating Practices

 Face to face and virtual SoS Committee meetings are held in conjunction with NDIA SE Division meetings that occur in February, April, June, and August

NDIA SE Division SoS Committee Industry Chairs:

Mr. Rick Poel, Boeing

Ms. Jennie Horne, Raytheon

OSD Liaison:

Dr. Judith Dahmann, MITRE

Simple Rules of Engagement

- I have muted all participant lines for this introduction and the briefing.
- If you need to contact me during the briefing, send me an e-mail at sosecie@mitre.org.
- Download the presentation so you can follow along on your own
- We will hold all questions until the end:
 - I will start with questions submitted online via the CHAT window in Skype.
 - I will then take questions via telephone; State your name, organization, and question clearly.
- If a question requires more discussion, the speaker(s) contact info is in the brief.

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2020-2021 System of Systems Engineering Collaborators Information Exchange Webinars Sponsored by MITRE and NDIA SE Division

March 10, 2020

Analysis of Interoperability to Support Mission-Oriented SoS Dr. Ronald Giachetti

March 24, 2020

Extending the DoD Digital Engineering Strategy to Missions, Systems of Systems, and Portfolios Philomena Zimmerman

April 21, 2020 Mission Engineering, Systems Engineering and Systems of Systems Engineering Dr. Andreas Tolk



Cybernetics, Complexity, and the Challenges to the Realization of System of Systems

System of Systems Engineering Collaborators Information Exchange (SoSECIE)



Tod M. Schuck, PhD Lockheed Martin RMS Moorestown, NJ







- We will view systems-of-systems (SoS) through a similar lens at the much ballyhooed Internet-of-Things (IoT)
- As more and more systems are linked together to form directed, acknowledged, collaborative, and virtual SoS, the exercise of control becomes problematic
- Emergent properties, hostile agents, evolutionary and adaptive development, and other characteristics of systems will enable complex behaviors in SoS that are not part of the constituent systems
- If information theory and cybernetics laws are not considered in the construction of complex SoS (IoT), then the behaviors that will emerge can have destabilizing and disastrous outcomes



What is important is that complex systems, richly cross-connected internally, have complex behaviours, and that these behaviours can be goal-seeking in complex patterns.

— William Ross Ashby —

AZQUOTES

SoS Typology

Combined

SoS Cours Operations

SoS Joint Operations



Internet of Things

Virtual. Virtual SoS lack a central management authority and a centrally agreed upon purpose for the system-of-systems. Large-scale behavior emerges—and may be desirable but this type of SoS must rely upon relatively invisible mechanisms to maintain it.

Collaborative. In collaborative SoS the component systems interact more or less voluntarily to fulfill agreed upon central purposes. The Internet is a collaborative system. The Internet Engineering Task Force works out standards but has no power to enforce them. The central players collectively decide how to provide or deny service, thereby providing some means of enforcing and maintaining standards.

Acknowledged. Acknowledged SoS have recognized objectives, a designated manager, and resources for the SoS; however, the constituent systems retain their independent ownership, objectives, funding, and development and sustainment approaches. Changes in the systems are based on collaboration between the SoS and the system.

Directed. Directed SoS are those in which the integrated system-of-systems is built and managed to fulfill specific purposes. It is centrally managed during long-term operation to continue to fulfill those purposes as well as any new ones the system owners might wish to address. The component systems maintain an ability to operate independently, but their normal operational mode is subordinated to the central managed purpose.

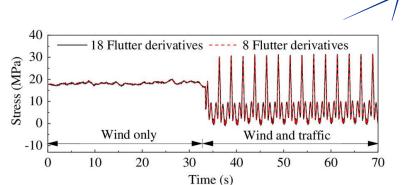
Galloping Gertie

- On July 1, 1940 the Tacoma Narrows Bridge located near Tacoma Washington, opened to traffic
- On November 7th of the same year it collapsed due to uncontrolled oscillatory behavior in high wind conditions
- Suspension bridge design philosophy changed to emphasize "lightness, grace, and flexibility"
- The result was that its width to center span length ratio (1:72) was much greater than either the Golden Gate (1:47) or George Washington (1:33) bridges



Galloping Gertie

- So what happened???
 - Aeroelastic flutter



"Flutter is a dynamic (second-order) aeroelastic phenomenon that involves the interactions of a structure's elastic and inertia characteristics with the aerodynamic forces produced by the airflow over the vehicle"

- Transformation normally complicated system into a complex system
- Interaction with its environment (regular strong winds) elevated second order effects to first order
- Emergent property of single degree of freedom torsional motion (oscillation) due to the response to a complex separated airflow



Why Are We Here?

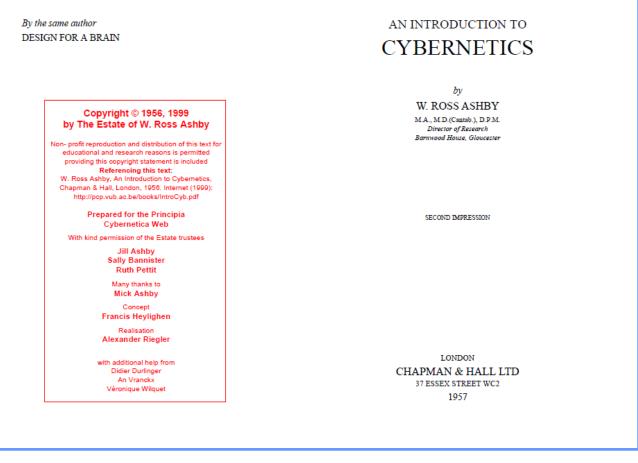
- In this presentation, it is proposed that without a thorough and complete understanding of the information interfaces (static) and behavior (dynamic) of entities of SoS that comprise a notional IoT, then failure will occur
- This is the essence of *cybernetics*
- Ashby developed the Law of Requisite Variety (LoRV) as part of the foundation of cybernetics
- To paraphrase Ashby's work, the LoRV can be stated as follows:

"If you want to control anything; your control channels must be as wide as the thing you are controlling is complex. If you do not have such channels, you are not in control."

Cybernetics



"...communication and control in animal and machine" - Norbert Wiener



"What you don't control, controls you" - Tod

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Ashby's Law of Requisite Variety // (LoRV)

"Only variety absorbs variety"

They Never Learn!!!!!





"Life finds a way"

- Ian Malcolm/Jeff Goldblum, Jurassic Park, 1993



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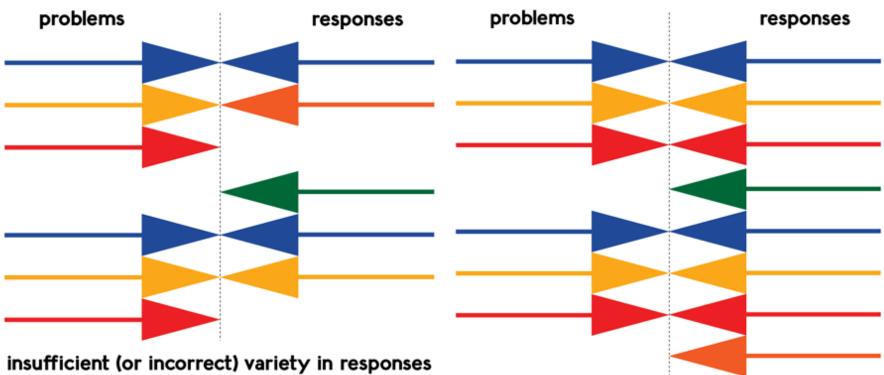
LoRV and Weather Guessing

- Superstorm Sandy "spaghetti" plot
- This illustrates that we really don't understand the variable and control space associated with complex systems like major weather events
- The same is true of economic systems, power generation and transmission systems, etc.



All models are wrong – some models are useful - George E. P. Box (1976)

What is Requisite Variety (another look)?



to deal with variety of the problems

requisite variety: (at least) the right variety in responses to deal with variety of the problems

A representation of the "control of influence"

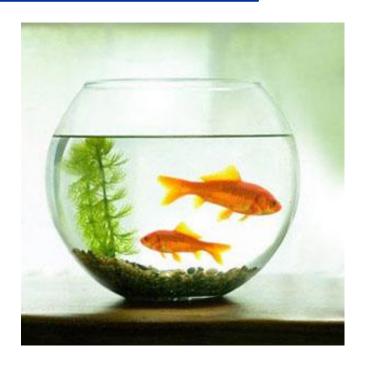


What Does This Mean for Control? – Ashby's Law

Ashby's Law of Requisite Variety: *if you want to control anything;* your control channel must be as wide as the thing you are controlling is complex – If you do not have such a channel then you are not in control.

"Goldfish Bowl" Example

- What is needed for environmental control:
 - Water pH
 - Dissolved oxygen
 - Temperature
 - Waste removal
 - Food availability
- If any one of these is missing, you don't have control
- closely follows Shannon information theory and Information Maneuverability (IM)



Cyber Security Possible???

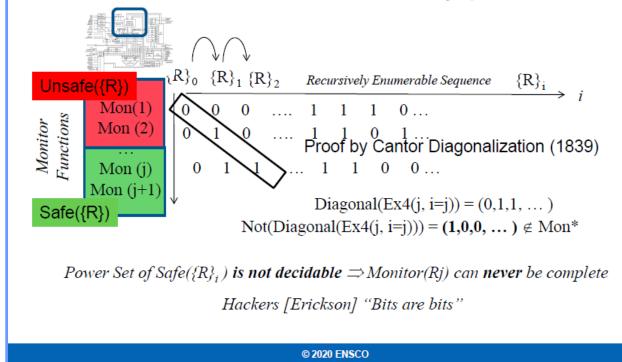
How Can We Systems Engineer Trust into Increasingly Autonomous Cyber-Physical Systems?

5 February 2020

Dr. Joseph Mitola III, Chief Technologist Aerospace Sciences and Engineering (ASE) Division ENSCO, Inc., Cocoa Beach, Florida

Protecting COTS CPUs is Impossible

COTS von Neumann Stored-program CPU Architecture Cannot Be Guaranteed Safe()



13

Not Enough Control Bandwidth...

DefenseNews

SCIIGWS	An Lund Natal Space Syster State Fenagon Congress Stobal 1771020 mought
	Sailor error led to failed US Navy ballistic missile
	intercept test
	By: David B. Larter 🛗 July 24, 2017
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Air Land Naval Space Cyber C4ISR Pentagon Congress Global TV/Video Thought Lea

The U.S. destroyer John Paul Jones departs Joint Base Pearl-Harbor-Hickam for a scheduled underway. John Paul Jones is the U.S. Navy's ballistic missile defense test ship. (MC1 Nardel Gervacio/Navy)

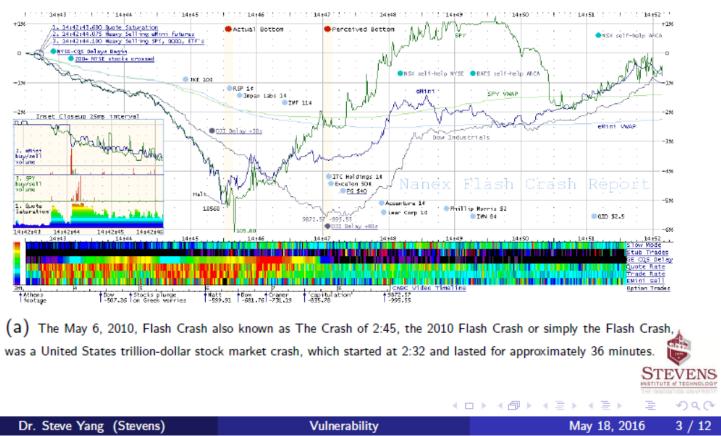
WASHINGTON – A U.S. Missile Defense Agency review of a failed ballistic missile intercept test showed that a mistaken input into the combat system by a sailor on the destroyer John Paul Jones caused the missile to self-destruct before reaching the target.

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Trillion Dollar Flash

CHALLENGES: What is going on with our markets?

Global financial markets: May 6, 2010 Flash Crash!!!



From: S. Yang, "A Multi-agent Behavior Approach to Identifying Vulnerability of a Complex System", Stevens Institute of Technology, May 2016. Copyright 2020 Lockheed Martin RMS

Knowledge-Control Matrix

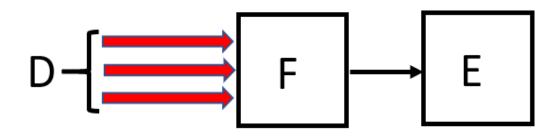


	Know	Don't Know
Control	1 Know that you control a system variable	2 Don't know that you control a system variable
Don't Control	3 Know that you don't control a system variable	4 Don't know that you don't control a system variable (or that it is even present)

- A general systems assumption will default to quadrants 1 and 3
- More difficult to understand and quantify the "Don't Know" column (quadrants 2 and 4)
- In the case of the design of the Narrows bridge, the primary knowledge-control culprit was a quadrant 2 error - designers could control the aeroelastic flutter by reducing the width to span ratio of the bridge
- Quadrants 2 and 4 is where emergence is likely to occur

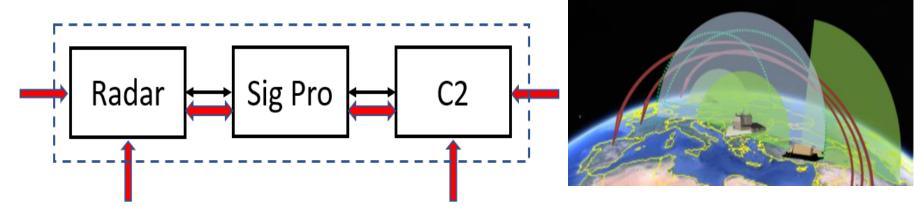


LoRV Schematic



- D is the variety of <u>disturbances</u> and other inputs to the system
- F is a system component designed to mitigate the effects of variety – <u>a regulator</u> (like a firewall)
- E is the set of <u>essential variables</u> that define the system and its performance

LoRV for Military Systems



- The internal interfaces are shown via the black double arrows and all outside effectors including disturbances are shown via the single red single arrows
- The internal **red double** arrows demonstrate the manifestation of disturbances internally in this SoS from external sources (e.g. cyber-attacks against C2) this is true even though the Sig Pro, is isolated from outside information sources (no disturbances flowing into it directly)
- Unique issue with SoS architectures: <u>a problem in the control of</u> <u>essential variables in one component can lead to unforeseen</u> <u>propagation of disturbances to more susceptible components of</u> <u>the SoS</u>

Complex Systems Governance

DOI: 10.1002/sres.2621

RESEARCH ARTICLE

WILEY RESEARCH BEHAVIORAL

Complex system governance: Concept, utility, and challenges

Charles B. Keating¹ | Polinpapilinho F. Katina² 🖸

Design

ecution

System Development

System

¹Engineering Management and Systems Engineering, Old Dominion University, Norfolk, Virginia, USA

Purposeful

system redesign to

adjust for

unabsorbed

(pathologies)

from system

design or

execution.

residual variety

Abstract Complex system governance (CSG) is an emerging field focused on design, execution and avalution of (meta)system functions that produce control commu

Infinite variety (states of the environment)

· Emerging variety that impacts the system

Structure of the system that must compensate for variety impacting the system

> Residual unabsorbed variety (pathologies) not absorbed by the system design

 Executing the design and absorbing residual variety (pathologies) left unabsorbed by system design

> Residual unabsorbed variety (pathologies) left unabsorbed by system execution

 $T_{\rm uv} = (SD_{\rm uv} + SE_{\rm uv}) - SR_{\rm v}, \le 0$

- *T*_{uv} = Total unabsorbed variety for a system
- SD_{uv} = Residual unabsorbed variety
 from system design
- SE_{uv} = Residual unabsorbed variety from system execution
- SR_v = Variety generated from system redesign or enhanced system execution
- A $T_{uv} \ll 0$ perfectly balanced system (requisite variety) but most likely unattainable

Google Maps Spoof (Feb 2020)

CHISRNET

Artificial Intelligence Unmanned

Battlefield Tech Information Warfare

Electronic Warf

Battlefield Tech

What electronic warfare can learn from a wagon full of smartphones

By: Kelsey D. Atherton 🛗 1 day ago



Normally creating a traffic jam takes actual traffic, like the cars seen here. With a wagon full of smartphones, a traffic jam can be created without the need for a long line of cars. (EveryPicture, via Wikimedia Commons CC-BY-SA-3.0)

https://www.c4isrnet.com/battlefieldtech/2020/02/06/what-electronicwarfare-can-learn-from-a-wagon-fullof-smartphones/?utm_source=Sailthru&utm_m

edium=email&utm_campaign=C4ISRN ET%20Daily%202.7&utm_content=B&u tm_term=Editorial%20-%20Daily%20Brief

https://www.youtube. com/watch?v=k5eL_a I_m7Q#action=share

Now Let's Add Ethics...

2/6/2020

Morally Ethical Self-Driving Cars Are the Next Real Challenge - Bloomberg

Technology & Ideas

How to Build a Morally Ethical Self-Driving Car

A road hazard appears in front of your autonomous taxi. Will it make a choice that saves you but kills others? Or will it decide to save others at the price of its passenger?

By Mark Buchanan

February 6, 2020, 9:00 AM EST

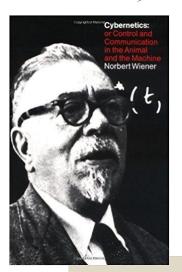


What happens when the road gets bumpier? Photographer: Christof Stache/AFP via Getty Images

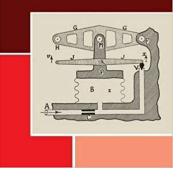
https://www.bioomberg.com/opinion/articles/2020-02-06/morally-ethical-self-driving-cars-are-the-next-real-challenge

Recap and Thoughts

- Understand a <brief> sample of the origins, history, and purpose of cybernetics
- Understand that information theory and cybernetics are intimately related are at the core of understanding all systems in the universe – including biological, physical, and virtual
- Why do systems fail? Ultimately it is because they violate the Law of Requisite Variety in some way – there are <u>no exceptions</u>
- Complex systems (e.g. military, economic, infrastructure) are especially prone to problems in accommodating variety – please understand this as you architect, design, test, and certify the systems that we make!



AN INTRODUCTION TO CYBERNETICS W. ROSS ASHBY





All ideas, suggestions and criticism are welcome!!!

